Designed to be Held "Captive" and Efficient

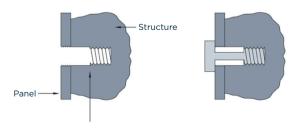
CAPTIVE SCREWS

Captive Screws are designed to lock into a hole while allowing the fastened components to be detached without the complete removal of the screw.

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

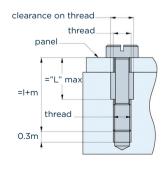
A Captive Screw can be locked in place on a parent component without being fastened to a child component

- Captive Screws are typically locked in place via thread locking, press fitting or broaching
- Captive Screws help control costs by minimizing damage to machinery from loose screws and by reducing the need for replacement fasteners
- Captive Screws allows for easier and more efficient repairs due to quick access to components
- Captive Screws prevents damage from loose screws falling into moving parts or electrical circuits as well as the loss of screws
- Captive Screws also provide a longer durability as they do not cause damage to the application after usage cycles; they are permanent, yet allow access into the application



Gap or counterbore equal to length of screw therad







CHARACTERISTICS

In general, the Captive Screws has a thinner diameter shoulder over the length of the screw with a threaded portion at the end.

An extensive range of Captive Screws are available, ranging in sizes:

- M2-M12 Cold Form
- M8-M80 Hot Form

KEBA Captive Screws are produced, but not limited, to:

- Stainless steel
- Zinc plated steel

KEBA **CAPTIVE SCREWS** are used in various business units for a wide array of industries such as:

- Automotive
- Machinery And Industrial

- Electronics
- Military And Precision Engineering

